



Holographic projection Keyboard functioning through User Palm Detection and Gesture

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Abstract: An The central theme of this design is to reduce the space between the natural world and the virtual environment to produce a mixed actuality entity. Evaluating is now free for PC and notebook computers. It has found its method in the digital phone like hand tops and even mobile telephones due to the ongoing development and constant growth in technology and artificial intelligence fields. Using our entity, the end user can command an air keyboard using palm gestures and hand movements. Further, the end user can be in touch with the human beings who are watching the screen, and the end user can choose an alphabet with their finger movement and can pass the keyboard with the help of a palm gesture. This program expresses the procedure of executing an air keyboard without additional equipment but using the video camera accessible in the entity. The footage directly catches the increasing frames and contrasts them to identify it as a click if there is a change in the contour. This also helps in various purposes like giving presentations. There is no need to carry remotes and keyboards while giving presentations or PPT lectures, as you can access them with your hand. Artificial Intelligence is a vast area of investigation, and we were a slice of simple experiments too by providing into the practical and computerized world which is the time ahead.

Keywords: Palm Identification Module, Gesture Detection, Hand identification, Get Red Index, Virtual Keyboard, Air Keyboard, Webcam, Contours, Human Computer Interaction.

1. Introduction

As we know, technology is increasing day by day in this universe. We have many modern keyboards used in personal computers, laptops, desktops, microcomputers, etc. But the computer keyboard uses an electrical contact to identify the critical press. The main drawback of this idea is that it will take a large amount of physical area, which is required for the keyboard. To control this disadvantage, touchpads were introduced, which united the input mechanism in the screen itself. Many users face inconvenient while typing on a touchscreen due to the minor key size. End users can use our entity to rule an air keyboard using hand movements and tips. Further, end users can communicate with human beings who are watching the screen. The end user chooses an alphabet with their fingertip and can pass the keyboard using hand identification. The program started with an introduction to the keyboard and its issues. We extended to the concept of the air Keyboard, where we explained the operation of the air keyboard. Then we analyze the current implementation status and succeed by the time ahead scope of this idea.

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2. Literature Survey

End-user experience may be significantly enhanced across various technical disciplines and platforms by identifying the palm's structure and movement. For instance, it will be a foundation for hand gesture control and sign language comprehension. It can also make it possible to use augmented reality to place digital information and material in the virtual environment. The natural world palm perception is a computer vision challenge that is distinctly difficult even if it comes readily to people.

Media Pipe is a solution for accurate palm and finger following, and it will use machine learning (ML) to deduce 21 3D palm landmarks in a single shot. We expect that preparing this palm sensing capability will make it accessible to broader research and improvement in the community and spark the formation of novel use cases, inspiring new applications and research directions. The ML pipeline used by Media Pipe Hands is made up of



several coupled models. A hand identification model that makes use of a complete image and generates precise and accurate hand movements. A hand model that produces extremely precise 3D hand fingertips using the palm detector-cropped image region as its input.

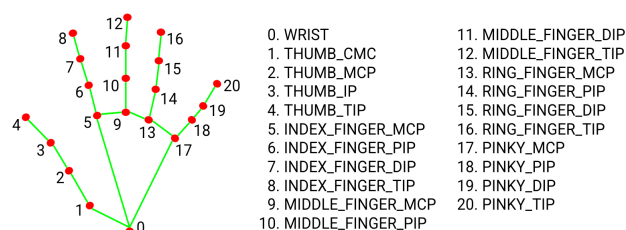


Figure.1 Identical Posture Classification

3. Existing System

A non-touch character writing system that recognizes hand motions to allow users to engage with and administer on-screen virtual keyboards safely and healthily. This project is divided into two parts: hand gesture detection and air-augmented keyboard.

The monitor displays a simple keyboard interface. Color segmentation is utilized to detect the hand; color pixels may be created by extracting a certain HSV (hue, saturation, value).

Finally, a cross-platform library called Media Pipe is used to provide a more precise categorization of the hand motions. The user inserts the character while using a virtual keyboard to accomplish non-touch character input.

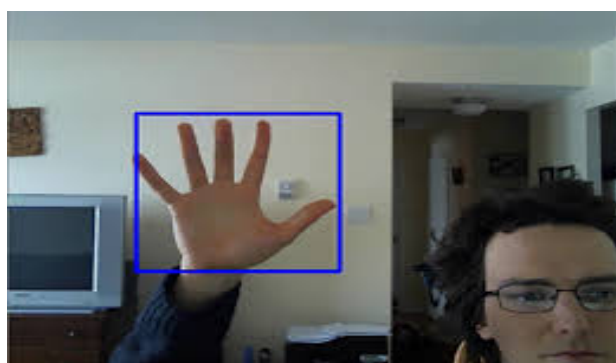


Figure.2 Posture Identification

Limitations

- Implementing the Virtual Keyboard and computing its accuracy is difficult due to conditions like holding the finger perpendicular to the cam and keyboard.
- The experiment does not take into consideration complex situations like detecting two or more fingers.
- And the other constraint is that, if the movement is quick the webcam might not be able to detect it.

4. Proposed System

The main objective of our work is to build a palm gesture tracking system by tracking through web camera access. The only requirement to operate this system is that the individual has the ability to operate the computer.

In this, we are aiming to detect the 21 3D hand landmarks from a single shot using the webcam. To enhance the correctness, we are using a cross-platform library proposed by Google that supplies surprising ready-to-use ML solutions for computer vision jobs, which is **Media Pipe**.

Media Pipe is a solution for accurate palm and finger following. It will make use of machine learning (ML) to deduce 21 3D palm landmarks in a single shot. The current state-of-art methodologies for inference depend mostly on sophisticated PC environments, our mixture delivers natural world performance.

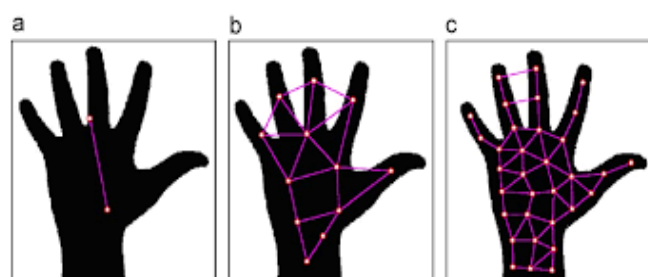


Figure.3 Palm Pattern Recognition

5. Methodology

The hand detection Module and typing on air with Hand movements were accomplished simply and efficiently without any latency, thanks to the libraries and numerous functions of Python that we employed. Before beginning the coding for the VIRTUAL KEYBOARD, we installed the necessary libraries using the Python interpreter. Our next step was to start writing the code using a trial-and-error approach. Then, after making numerous adjustments and continually reducing the faults and errors, we can create the program's actual code.

5.1. Palm Tracking Module

This approach was first put to the test. As a result, we developed a module that can sense the palm, identify it, and pass the outlines on the fingers using some filled circles to represent the constant between fingers bending. Additionally, we developed a real-time box that would modify its proportions in response to the palm's opening and shutting in real time. Additionally, the natural world functions as FPS (Frames per second) exhibit was included to make it more accurate.

5.2. Virtual Keyboard Working

Following the success of testing the palm tracking module, we began to develop an air Keyboard for Computer Machines with the aid of movements using Python. We created a Keyboard using a similar Python language and numerous packages, including “OPENCV ZONE, MEDIAPIPE, HAND TRACKING MODULE, PYNPUT, and NUMPY,” and we included new parameters such as keyboard keys, a box to show messages, and problem-solving time FPS exhibit, by using palm tracking module.

6. Results

How to implement. Please write briefly



Figure.4 Palm Recognition

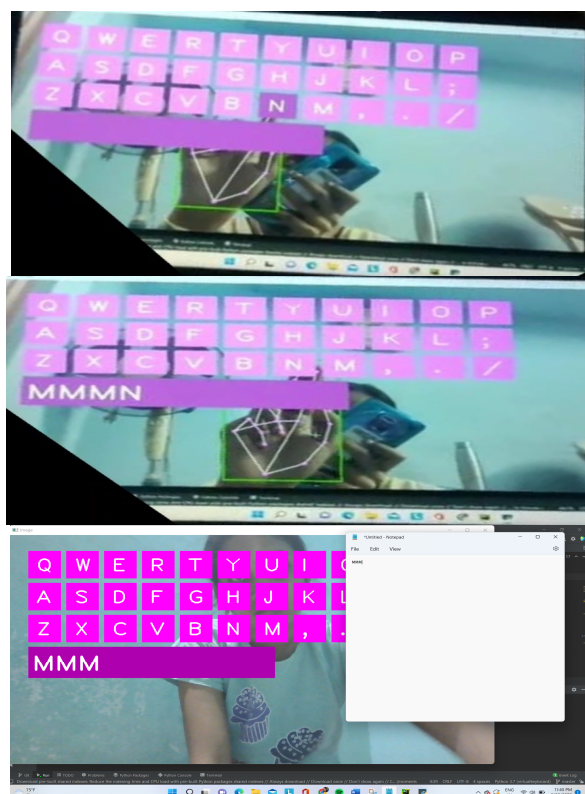


Figure.5 Keyboard mapping with fingers positions

7. Conclusion

The operation of sensors and actuators is the foundation of our VIRTUAL KEYBOARD., We have developed a Palm detection and gesture-based air-augmented keyboard that depends on Artificial Intelligence and is implemented purely on the Python platform. No specific expertise of any type is required to operate this program. With the fundamental notion of rules specified to execute the program, it can be readily implemented.. We have access to the keyboard layout that is depicted on a screen that is positioned and made for a camera window. Also, as soon as the user's fingertips make contact with any keyboard character, they are recognized which proves this as more accurate.

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